

### THE HIGHWAY EXAMINATIONS

# BEGINNING OF TERM II EXAMINATION PRIMARY SIX

#### **INTERGRATED SCIENCE 2025**

Time Allowed: 2hours 15 Minutes

#### OFFICIAL MARKING GUIDE

#### Read the following instructions carefully:

- Do not write your school or district name anywhere on this paper.
- This paper has two sections: A and B. Section A has 40 questions and section B has 15 questions. The paper has 14 printed pages altogether.
- 3. Answer **all** questions. **All** answers to both sections **A** and **B** must be written in the spaces provided.
- All answers must be written using a blue or black ball point pen or ink. Any work written in pencil other than drawing will not be marked.
- 5. Unnecessary **changes** in your work and handwriting that cannot be read easily may lead to **loss** of marks.
- 6. Do not fill anything in the table indicated

"FOR EXAMINERS' USE ONLY" and in the boxes inside the question paper.

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Qn. No.	MARKS	EXR'S NO.
1 - 10		
11 - 20		A Taylor
21 - 30		
31 - 40		
41 - 43	Production of the Control of the Con	
44 - 46		
47 - 49		
50 - 52		
53 - 55		
TOTAL		

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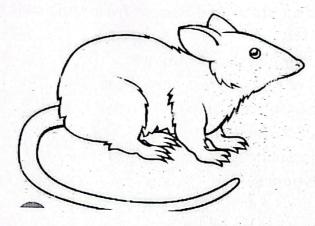


## SECTION A

Answer all questions in this section. Questions 1 to 20 carry two marks each.

- Name any one type of roots 1.
  - True roots
  - False roots Reject
  - Clasping roots Fibrous roots Tap roots - Buttress roots
  - Stilt roots Prop roots
- Give any one reason why sand soil is not suitable for 2. growing crops.
  - It contains less humus.
  - It dries up very quickly. Reject
  - It lacks humus.
- State any one function of the brain in the human body 3.
  - It stores information.
  - It is used for thinking
  - It controls all body activities
  - It is used for memory/recalling
  - It is used for reasoning.
  - It is used to interpret information
  - It is used for body balance
- Name any one agent of pollination.
  - Wind
  - Animals
  - Water

The diagram below shows an animal in the group of mammals, study and use it to answer questions  $\bf 5$  and  $\bf 6$ .



- 5. Name the group of mammals to which the animal belongs.
  - Gnawing mammals
    Reject: Rodents
- 6. State any one characteristic common to the above animal.
  - It has well developed incisor teeth
  - It has sharp claws for digging up root crops
  - It feed on plant materials.
- 7. Mention any **one** place where crops can be stored.
  - Granary
    - Buckets
    - Sacks
- 8. State the basic process of soil formation.
  - Weathering/Weathering of rocks
- 9. Give any **one** reason why the government of Uganda. encourages immunisation of children.
  - To boost the immunity of the child
  - To reduce infant mortality rate
  - To prevent lameness due to polio in children
- 10. Mention any one way of controlling parasites in rabbits.
  - Regular deworming
- Spraying a caricides

- Hand picking

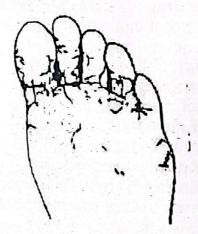
- Dusting rabbits
- Washing rabbits with water containing chemicals.

- 11. State a reason why bees are said to undergo complete metamorphosis.
  - The larvae stage is completely different from the adult in structure and function.

Reject: It has four stage of development

- 12. Give any one way of caring for the human ear
- By cleaning using ear cotton swabs.
- Listening to music at a low volume
- Going for regular medical checkups.
- Avoid playing rough games
   Reject
- Cleaning the ear using ear buds
- 13. Mention any one example of stem tubers
  - Cocoyams /yams
  - Irish potatoes
    Reject: white yams // sweet potatoes // cassava
- 14. State any **one** reason why harvesting of honey should be done during day time
  - Most worker bees are not in the hive during the day.
  - To minimize death of bees due to clear visibility during the day.
  - Clean honey is harvested during the day.
  - It reduces damage of honey combs
  - It is easy to detect ready combs with honey.
- 15: Mention any one example of local breeds of chicken kept in your community.
  - Ugandan Red
- Naked neck
- Ugandan Black
- Ugandan Brown

The diagram below shows a foot suffering from a disease uses it to answer questions **16** and **17**.



- 16. Identify the disease on the skin that affects the foot shown in diagram above.
  - Athlete's foot
- 17. Name the germ that causes the skin disease shown by the foot above.
  - Fungi.
- 18. Give any one example of body changes that needs to be managed.
  - Growth of hair
  - Menstruation
  - Gaining or losing weight
  - Falling sick
  - Body odour
  - Growth of toe and finger nails.
- 19. State any one danger of taking drug over dose to the body.
  - It can lead to body poisoning
  - It can lead to death.
  - It can damage body organs
- 20. State any one way of minimising heat loss
  - Using a thermos flask Using energy saving stores
  - Using heat exchangers Using food flask
  - Covering saucepans when cooking

Name any one cause of fracture among people in the community. 21.

- Falls - Playing football

- Kick boxing Rough games State the reason why displacement method is used when finding the
- 22. volume of a stone. - A stone displaces the amount of water equals to its volume.

Reject: A stone is an irregular object

23. Give any one effect of chemical change in the environment.

- They cause formation of new substances.

They lead to the production of heat.

- They cause formation of alcohol and yogurt

They reduce the weight, size and mass of objects.

- Name the element of primary Health Care which promotes family planning 24. matters.
  - Maternal and child health
- 25. Mention any one body part checked on school health parade

- Hair - eyes - teeth - tongue

- Head - toenails - skin and feet - Finger nails

26. State any one property of matter

Matter has mass.

- Matter exerts pressure.
- Matter occupies space. Reject:
- Matter has weight.
- 27. State any one danger of soil erosion to the environment.

- It causes soil exhaustion - It causes silting

- It destroys plants - It blocks drainage channels It causes accidents on roads.

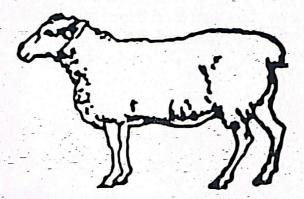
- It leads to blockage of water bodles

- It degrades the environment

It causes potholes on roads

- 28. Give **one** reason why we should regularly wash our hands with soap after visiting the latrine.
  - To kill germs in hands
  - To prevent diarrhoeal diseases.
- 29. Mention any **one** way in which human ears are similar to antennae of insect.
  - Both human ears and antennae are used for detecting sound vibrations.
  - Both are used for detecting sound vibrations.
- 30. Give any one disease and disorder of the teeth.
  - Dental cavity
- Tooth cracks
- Dental plaque
- Improper growth
- Broken teeth

The diagram below shows a farm practice done in shop rearing. Study and use it to answer questions **31** and **32**.



- 31. Identify the farm practices in the diagram above.
  - Docking
- 32. State any one reason why the above farm practice is carried out.
  - To keep the sheep clean // To improve the hygiene.
  - To prevent fly strikes

Reject: To ease mating in ewes

- 33. Give a reason why breast milk is considered to be the best food for babies.
  - It contains all food values -

Reject: It contains almost all food values.

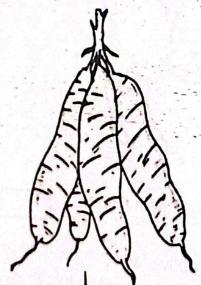
Turn Over

- Name the immunisable bacterial disease which is spread through Cut 34.
  - and wounds.
- Tetanus
  State any one condition necessary for a seed to germinate. 35.
  - Water
  - Oxygen
  - Accept also: presence of water, oxygen, warmth.

Mnemonic: WOW. Reject: Moisture.

- 36. Name any one exotic breed of cattle kept in Uganda.
  - Friesians
  - Ayrshire
  - Guernsey
  - Jersey

The diagram below shows the steps food eaten by people in Uganda study and use it to answer the questions 37 and 38.



- 37. Name the staple food shown above - Cassava
- 38.
- Mention one food value mainly found in the staple food above.

- 39. Mention any one characteristics of wind pollinated flowers
  - They produce a lot of pollen gains
  - They produce light pollen grains
  - They have hairy stigma
  - They have weak filament.
  - Filaments are longer than the styles.
    Reject:
  - They have dull petals.
  - They do not produce scent.
  - They do not produce nectar.
- 40. State any one way in which vectors spread diseases to humans.
  - Through bites
  - Through body contact.
  - Through contaminating food
  - Through their hairy bodies

## SECTION B

- 41 (a) Apart from a toad, name any one other example of amphibians. - Frog // caecilian // newt // salamander - Frog // caeciliai //
  (b). State any one way in which the Jelly is important to the eggs of
  - amphibians.

     It protects the eggs from being eaten by predators. amphibians.

- It protects the says from being swept away by water

- It holds eggs together for easy fertilisation.

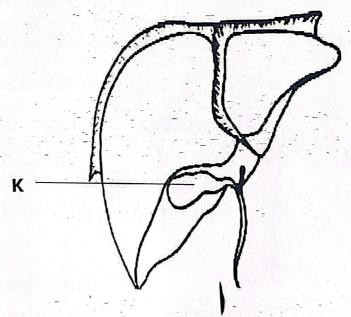
It holds eggs to float on water.

- It prevents eggs from drying up Explain any one way in which amphibians are adopted to living in water
- They have moist skin which allows gaseous exchange.
  - They have webbed feet which allows them to swim in water.
- Name any one class of food. 42a)
  - **Proteins**
  - Carbohydrates
  - **Vitamins**
  - Fats and oil
  - Mineral salts

Reject: Grow food // Glow food // Energy giving food

- b. Give **two** ways in which proteins are useful to adults.
  - Replaces worn out body cells.
  - Repairs worn out body tissues Reject: - Promotes body growth.
- C. State the cause of marasmus in children.
  - Lack of all food nutrients // food values in the body Reject
    - Lack of carbohydrates in the diet

- 43 (a) Name any **two** examples of garden tools.
  - Hoe Panga An axe - Trowel
  - Wheel barrow Watering can Pot
  - (b) State one way in which a trowel is useful to farmers.
    - Used for transplanting seedlings
  - (c). Mention any one disadvantage of mulching.
    - Mulching is tiring
    - Mulches are fire hazard.
    - Mulches hide some crop pests e.g. termites
    - Some mulches can grow into weeds.
      Reject: Mulching is tiresome
- 44. The diagram below shows past of the digestive system. Use it to answer the question that follow.



- a) Name the part of the digestive system above.
  - Liver
- b) State the role of the above in the digestion of food.
  - It produces bile
    - Reject: Any other answer
- c) State the function of part marked K.
  - It stores bile

- d) Give any **one** health habit that helps to improve the efficiency of the digestive system
  - Feeding on a balanced diet.
  - Doing regular physical exercises
  - Going for regular medical checkups
  - Having meals at regular intervals
  - Eating right amount of food
  - Proper chewing of food before swallowing
- 45. The table below shows immunisable diseases vaccine and ways of administration. Study and complete it correctly.

Immunisable disease	✓ Vaccine given	Way of administration
Tuberclosis	BCG vaccine	injection
<ul><li>✓ Diphtheria</li><li>✓ Tetanus</li><li>✓ Whooping cough</li></ul>	DPT vaccine	injection
Pneumonia	✓ PVC	injecțion
Polio	Polio vaccine	✓ Oral method ✓ Drop in the mouth

you are provided with the following items:

Water, An irregular object, string and measuring cylinder. Water, who you can use the items to find the volume of an irregular

pour some water in a measuring cylinder. object.

Make the reading of the original water level. ii. Take the irregular object with a string and lower it carefully in

a measuring cylinder and mark the final water level

Subtract the original level, water from the final level of water to get the volume of the irregular object.

Mention any two organisms that live in the soil.

- Caecilians . Earthworms

**Millipedes** - Termites

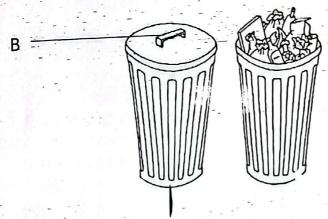
(b) State any two ways in which organisms are important in the soil

They help to improve soil erosion.

They help in the formation of humus.

They improve water drainage in the soil.

The diagram below shows items commonly used in a community to promote hygiene. Use it to answer questions that follow.



- (a)...Name the items shown above
  - Dustbins

- (b). State the importance of the above items in the community.
  - For disposing rubbish
- (c). Name part marked B.
  - Lid
- (d). Identify the function of part B in the above.
  - It prevents rubbish from falling outside the dust bin
  - 49 (a) Mention any one example of wind musical instrument
    - Flute
- Trumpet
- Trombone

- Pan pipes
- Horn
- clarinet

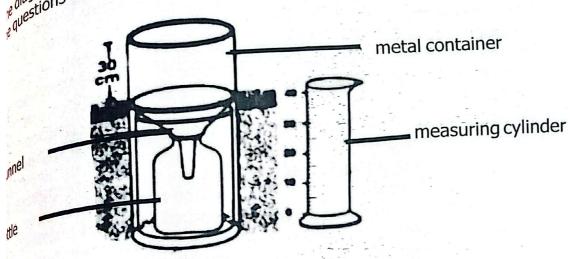
- Tuba
- Piccola
- Oboe

- bugle
- Saxophone
- (b) Give a reason why drums are put in sunshine before playing them
  - To increase the pitch.
  - To tighten the skin in order to increase tension.
  - (c). Name any two methods of storing sound.
  - Electromagnetic method
  - Magnetic method
  - Physical / Mechanical method

Reject: Notation / Recording/Writing

- 50. (a). State any **one** example of social insects.
  - Honey bees
- Wasps
- Termites
- bumble bees
- Ants
- (b). Give a reason why the above insects are called social insects.
  - They live and work together.
- (c). Apart from Mason bees, state any two other example of solitary bees
  - Carpenter bees
  - Mining bees
  - Leaf cutter bees

below shows a weather instrument. Study and use it to answer that follow. diagrams that follow.



Name the weather instrument shown above.

State one way in which the above weather instrument is useful at the

- Used to measure the amount of rainfall received in an area.

Give a reason why the above weather instrument is put 30cm above the ground.

To prevent rain splash from entering the rain gauge.

To get accurate measurements of rainfall.

State the function of metal contains

It holds the measuring cylinder

52 (a) State the meaning of the term essential drugs

- Are drugs which meet people's health needs when used correctly.

). Mention any one characteristic of essential drugs

They are common

They are affordable

They are available//accessible

They cure disease Mnemonic: CAAC

- (c). State any one danger of buying essential drugs from local shops
  - One may buy expired drugs
  - One may buy contaminated drugs.
  - One may buy sub-standard drugs
  - The drug might be expired
- (d). Give a reason why drugs should be kept out of reach of children.
  - To prevent child poisoning
  - To prevent drug misuse
  - To prevent children from contaminating drugs

Reject: To prevent drug poisoning

- 53 (a) State any two factors that affect the rate of evaporation
- Amount of heat
- Surface area

- Humidity

- Speed of wind
- Temperature
- (b) Give any **one** way in which the following physical processes are important in nature.
  - (i) Evaporation
    - It helps in rain formation
    - It helps in cooling
    - It helps is distillation process
    - It helps in drying wet clothes
  - (ii) Freezing
  - It is used in preserving food
  - It helps in cooling drinks
  - It helps information of ice
  - It is used in making ice cream

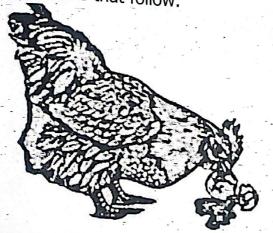


(a) Mention any **two** components of the circulatory system Blood vessels Blood

Reject: Kidney, Liver, Lungs, brains, intestines gate any one way of increasing the volume of blood in the human body Through blood transfusion feeding on food rich in iron Taking iron supplement tablets orinking plenty of fruit juice and water regularl state the importance of doing regular physical exercised to the circulatory system.

It helps to strengthen the cardiac muscle It improves blood circulation in the body

he diagram below shows vice commonly found in domestic birds. Study d use it to answer questions that follow.



ame the vice in domestic birds shown above.

- Egg eating
- we one cause of form of vice above in domestic birds.
- Lack of calcium in the diet
- Boredom among the birds
- Failure to collect eggs in time
- Hunger due to irregular feeding
- Too much light in the nesting area
- Presence of broken eggs in the coop.

Turn Over

- c) State any **one** sign and symptom of the above form of vice in domestic birds.
  - Increased egg breakage loss // presence of broken eggs in the coop.
  - Egg shells with holes
  - Yellow stains on the bird's beak
  - Sticky feathers near the beak.
- d) Identify any **one** way of controlling the above form of vice in domestic birds.
  - Providing feeds rich in calcium.
  - Debeaking the birds
  - Hanging green leafy vegetables on raised parts.
  - Putting laying nests in dark corners of the poultry house. // place nests in quiet dark areas.